



## Some food for thought, etc.

July 2017

### **Social Security Survivor Benefits**

When you think of Social Security, you probably think of retirement. However, Social Security can also provide much-needed income to your family members when you die, making their financial lives easier.

### **Your family may be entitled to receive survivor benefits based on your work record**

When you die, certain members of your family may be eligible to receive survivor benefits (based on your earnings record) if you worked, paid Social Security taxes, and earned enough work credits. The number of credits you need depends on your age when you die. The younger you are when you die, the fewer credits you'll need for survivor benefits. However, no one needs more than 40 credits (10 years of work) to be "fully insured" for benefits. And under a special rule, if you're only "currently insured" at the time of your death (i.e., you have 6 credits in the 13 quarters prior to your death), your children and your spouse who is caring for them can still receive benefits.



Survivor benefits may be paid to:

- Your spouse age 60 or older (50 or older if disabled)
- Your spouse at any age, if caring for your child who is under age 16 or disabled
- Your ex-spouse age 60 or over (50 or older if disabled) who was married to you for at least 10 years
- Your ex-spouse at any age, if caring for your child who is under age 16 or disabled
- Your unmarried children under 18
- Your unmarried children under 19, if attending school full time (up to grade 12)
- Your dependent parents age 62 or older

This is a general overview--the rules are more complex. For more information on eligibility requirements, contact the Social Security Administration (SSA) at (800) 772-1213.



**Alexander Parris**  
President  
Financial Advisor



**Anna Bryantseva**  
Financial Analyst  
Operations Manager



“Financial crises require governments.”  
- Timothy Geithner



“Great money management is not a prediction, but a disciplined reaction.”  
- Bill Miller



“Derivatives are financial weapons of mass destruction.”  
- Warren Buffett



“Wall Street people learn nothing and forget everything.”  
- Benjamin Graham

### How much will your survivors receive?

An eligible family member will receive a monthly survivor benefit based on your average lifetime earnings. The higher your earnings, the higher the benefit. This monthly benefit is equal to a percentage of your basic Social Security benefit. The percentage depends on your survivor's age and relationship to you.

For example, at full retirement age or older, your spouse may receive a survivor benefit equal to 100 percent of your basic Social Security benefit. However, if your spouse has not yet reached full retirement age at the time of your death, he or she will receive a reduced benefit, generally 71 to 94 percent of your basic benefit (75 percent if your spouse is caring for a child under age 16). Your dependent child may also receive 75 percent of your basic benefit.

A maximum family benefit rate caps the total amount of money your survivors can get each month. The total benefit your family can receive based on your earnings record is about 150 to 180 percent of your basic benefit amount. If the total family benefit exceeds this limit, each family member's benefit will be reduced proportionately.

You can find out more about future Social Security benefits by signing up for a my Social Security account at the Social Security website, [ssa.gov](http://ssa.gov), so that you can view your online Social Security Statement. Your statement contains a detailed record of your earnings, as well as estimates of retirement, survivor, and disability benefits. If you're not registered for an online account and are not yet receiving benefits, you'll receive a statement in the mail every five years, from age 25 to age 60, and then annually thereafter.

### Don't forget the lump-sum benefit

If you've accumulated enough work credits, your spouse may receive a lump-sum benefit of \$255. Your spouse must have been living with you at the time of your death or have been receiving benefits based on your earnings record if living apart from you. If you're not married at the time of your death, the death benefit may be split among any children you have who are eligible for benefits based on your earnings record.

### If a loved one has died, contact the Social Security Administration immediately

If a loved one has died and you are eligible for survivor benefits, you should contact the SSA right away. If you're already receiving benefits based on your spouse's earnings record, the SSA will change your payments to survivor benefits (if your children are receiving benefits, their benefits will be changed, too). But if you're not yet receiving any Social Security benefits or if you're receiving benefits based on your own earnings record, you'll have to fill out an application for survivor benefits.

It's helpful to have the following documents when you apply, but if you don't have all the information required, the SSA can help you get it:

- Proof of death (a death certificate or funeral home notice)

- Your Social Security number, as well as the deceased worker's number

- Your birth certificate

- Your marriage certificate, if you're a widow or widower

- Your divorce papers, if applicable

- Dependent children's Social Security numbers, if available

- Deceased worker's W-2 forms, or federal self-employment tax return, for the most recent year

- The name of your bank, as well as your account numbers, for direct deposit

Visit the SSA website or your local SSA office or call (800) 772-1213 for more information on survivor benefits and how to apply for them.

# Recipe of the Month

## Mom's Baked Egg Muffins

### Ingredients:

- *6 slices bacon*
- *1 1/2 tablespoons butter, melted*
- *1 1/2 tablespoons maple syrup*
- *6 slices bread, crusts removed*
- *6 eggs*
- *salt and black pepper to taste*
- *6 tablespoons heavy cream*
- *6 tablespoons shredded Cheddar cheese, or as desired*



### Directions:

Place the bacon in a large, deep skillet, and cook over medium-high heat, turning occasionally, until evenly browned, about 10 minutes. Drain the bacon slices on a paper towel-lined plate; crumble and set aside.

Preheat an oven to 375 degrees F (190 degrees C). Grease muffin cups.

Combine the melted butter and maple syrup in a small bowl. Flatten a piece of bread with a rolling pin. Brush the bread with the butter mixture. Line the muffin cup with the flattened bread. Repeat with the remaining bread slices. Bake in a preheated oven until the bread crisps, about 3 to 5 minutes.

Sprinkle crumbled bacon into the bottom of the toast cups. Crack an egg into each cup. Season with salt and pepper to taste. Top each egg with 1 tablespoon of heavy cream and 1 tablespoon cheese. Bake until the whites are just set, about 10 to 14 minutes or until the eggs are cooked to your taste.

Original recipe makes 6 servings.